Briefing on Results for the Fiscal Year ending March 31, 2022



May 12, 2022



Photo: Denyo Europe B.V.

I. Overview of Results for FY2022/3

II. Outlook for FY2023/3

Overview of Results for FY2022/3

Highlights of Results for FY2022/3 (Consolidated)



Net sales is more than the previous fiscal year, operating income ordinary income and profit attributable to owners of parent are less than the previous fiscal year.

	FY202	21/3	FY202	22/3	Change (YoY)	Rate of change (YoY)
Net sales	55,006	100%	55,168	100%	162	0.3%
Operating income	5,332	9.7%	3,653	6.6%	Δ 1,679	△ 31.5%
Ordinary income	5,645	10.3%	4,029	7.3%	Δ 1,616	Δ 28.6%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	3,860	7.0%	2,753	5.0%	Δ 1,107	Δ 28.7%
Capital investment	1,918		839		Δ 1,079	△ 56.3%
Depreciation	1,167		1,361		194	16.6%
Net income per share	185.1 ^{yen}		132.0yen		$\Delta 53.1^{\text{yen}}$	Δ 28.6%
ROE	6.7%		4.6%			
Cash dividends per share	47.0 ^{yen}		47.0 ^{yen}			

Sales Trends by Product (Consolidated)



- 1. Sales of generators decreased by 265 million yen (0.6%).
- 2. Sales of welders increased by 443 million yen (10.1%).
- 3. Sales of compressors decreased by 27 million yen (3.7%).

		FY202	21/3	FY202	2/3	Change (YoY)	Rate of change (YoY)
	Net sales	55,006	100%	55,168	100%	161	0.3%
	Generators	44,020	$80.0^{\%}$	43,754	79.3 [%]	Δ 265	$\Delta \ 0.6^{\%}$
product	Welders	4,386	$8.0^{\%}$	4,829	$8.8^{\%}$	443	10.1%
By pr	Compressors	755	1.4%	727	1.3%	△ 27	∆ 3.7 [%]
	Others	5,845	10.6%	5,856	10.6%	11	$0.2^{\%}$

Engine Generators (Consolidated)

	FY2021/3	FY2022/3	Rate of change (YoY)
Generators	$44,020^{\text{million yen}}$	$43,754^{\text{million yen}}$	$\Delta 0.6^{\%}$

- In Japan, shipment of the small-type emergency generators etc. decreased.
- Overseas, shipment to America and Asia increased.



Domestic market share of engine generators (mobile-type) Company survey (5-year average)





Soundless generator "Mālie"

Generator with operational data recording function

Manufacturing engine-driven generators with capacity from 1kVA to 1100kVA

Mobile-type generators

Power source on a construction site and for civil engineering work and disaster recovery/restoration, etc.

•Stand-by generating sets (stationary type)

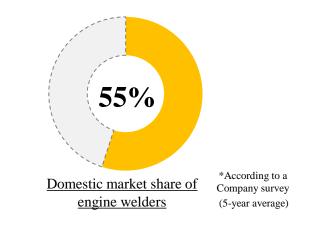
Back-up power source for disaster prevention equipment and offices, etc.

•Power-supply vehicles, etc.

Engine Welders (Consolidated)

	FY2021/3	FY2022/3	Rate of change (YoY)
Welders	$4,386^{\text{million yen}}$	$4,829^{\text{million yen}}$	10.1%

- In Japan, shipment of the small-type welders decreased.
- Overseas, shipment to America and Asia increased.





CO₂ welder

The Company developed the first engine-driven welder for outdoor work in Japan.

Ranging from 135A for welding light-gauge steel to a 500A engine-driven welder for heavy-gauge steel, a TIG welder and a CO₂ welder, etc.

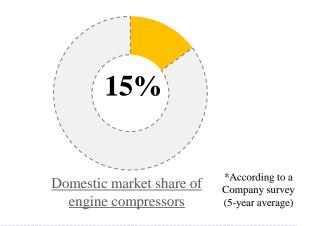
•Welding of steel construction for buildings, condominiums and bridges.

•Welding of important structures such as petroleum storage tanks and pipelines.

Engine Compressors (Consolidated)

	FY2021/3	FY2022/3	Rate of change (YoY)
Compressors	$755^{\text{million yen}}$	$727^{\text{million yen}}$	△ 3.7%

• The shipment to the domestic market increased, but the shipment to America decreased.





Manufacturing compressors with air discharge amounts from $1.7 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$ to $45.3 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$.

- Breaking-up of roads and ground improvement work of roads
- Mortar spraying work for preventing landslides of mountain roads.
- For artificial snow machines on ski slopes, etc.

Others (Consolidated)

	FY2021/3	FY2022/3	Rate of change (YoY)
Others	$5,845^{\text{million yen}}$	$5,856^{\text{million yen}}$	0.2%

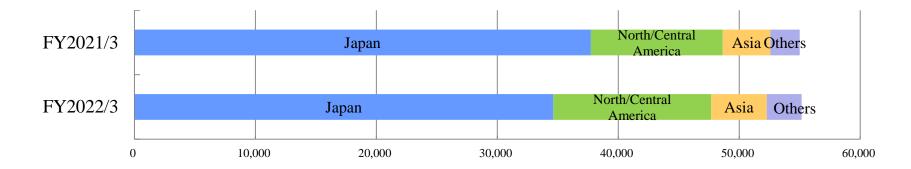
- Sales of parts, etc. increased.
- Shipment of self-propelled lifters decreased.

Sales of other products

- •Self-propelled lifters
- •Load testing equipment
- •Parts
- •Secondhand equipment and purchased merchandise
- •Repair sales, etc.



		FY202	21/3 FY2022/3		Change (YoY)	Rate of change (YoY)	
N	let sales	55,006	100%	55,168	100%	161	0.3%
Don	nestic sales	37,737	68.6%	34,632	62.8%	Δ 3,105	$\Delta 8.2\%$
Ove	rseas sales	17,269	31.4%	20,536	37.2%	3,266	18.9%
ion	North/Central America	10,897	19.8%	13,052	23.7%	2,155	19.8%
y region	Asia	3,948	7.2%	4,596	8.3%	647	16.4%
By	Others	2,423	4.4%	2,886	5.2%	463	19.1%



Factor Analysis of Changes in Operating Income

Decrease in Operating Income

The operating income decreased mainly due to higher cost of sales ratio.

(million yen)

	FY2021/3	FY2022/3	Change (YoY)
Operating income	5,332	3,653	Δ 1,679
Operating income margin (%)	9.7%	6.6%	$\Delta 3.1$ percentage points

	FY2021/3	FY2022/3	Change (YoY)
Gross profit margin	24.2%	21.2%	$\Delta 3.0$ percentage points
Ratio of SG&A to sales	14.5%	14.6%	0.1 percentage points
Ratio of operating income to sales	9.7%	6.6%	$\Delta 3.1$ percentage points

• The gross profit margin was worsened by an increase in the raw materials, etc.

• The ratio of SG&A to sales was around the previous fiscal year due to a decrease in fixed costs despite an increase in logistics costs.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

1.



- Current assets increased by 2,428 million yen mainly due to an increase in inventories, etc.
- 2. Current liabilities decreased by 1,164 million yen mainly due to a decrease in short-term loans payable, etc.

	At the end of FY2021/3	At the end of FY2022/3	Change from the end of FY2021/3
Current assets	54,443	56,872	2,428
Non-current assets	24,613	23,902	Δ 711
Total assets	79,057	80,774	1,717
Current liabilities	15,434	14,269	Δ 1,164
Long-term liabilities	2,058	2,744	685
Total liabilities	17,493	17,013	Δ 480
Total net assets	61,564	63,760	2,196
Total liabilities and net assets	79,057	80,774	1,717

Changes in Consolidated Cash Flows



- 1. Cash flow from operating activities was 2,695 million yen, mainly due to the recording of the income before income taxes, etc.
- 2. Balance of cash and cash equivalents increased by 445 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year.

	FY2021/3	FY2022/3
I Cash flow from operating activities	4,941	2,695
II Cash flow from investing activities	Δ 1,748	Δ 819
I + II Free cash flow	3,193	1,876
III Cash flow from financing activities	Δ 1,086	Δ 1,643
IV Foreign currency translation adjustments on cash and cash equivalents	Δ 246	212
V Net increase or decrease in cash and cash equivalents	1,859	445
VI Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	22,913	23,358

Outlook for FY2023/3

Outlook for FY2023/3: Consolidated Income and Loss



- 1. Net sales are expected to be 57.5 billion yen.
- 2. Assumed exchange rate is 110 yen/dollar.

(million yen)

	FY2022/3		FY2023/3 (forecast)		Change (YoY)	Rate of change (YoY)
Net sales	55,168	100%	57,500	100%	2,332	4.2%
Operating income	3,653	6.6%	3,900	6.8%	247	6.7%
Ordinary income	4,029	7.3%	4,200	7.3%	171	4.2%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	2,753	5.0%	2,800	4.9%	47	1.7%
Capital investment	839		3,700		2,861	341.0%
Depreciation	1,361		1,300		Δ 61	$\Delta 4.5^{\%}$
Net income per share	132.0 ^{yen}		135.1 ^{yen}		3.1 ^{yen}	
ROE	4.6%		*4.6%			
Cash dividends per share	47.0 ^{yen}		48.0 ^{yen}			

* Equity is calculated by using the amount of money at the end of FY2022/3.

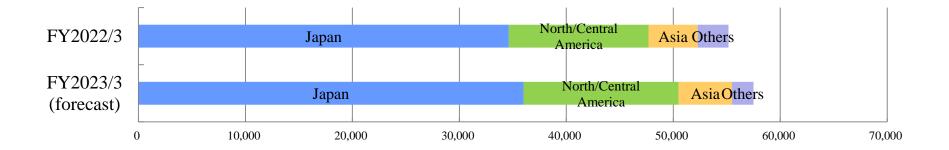
Outlook for Sales by Product (Consolidated)



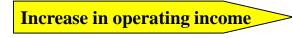
- 1. In Japan, construction demand and demand for emergency generators are expected to remain robust. Furthermore, event-related demand is expected to recover.
- 2. Overseas, sales to America and Asia are expected to recover.

		FY202	22/3	FY2023/3 (forecast)		Change (YoY)	Rate of change (YoY)
Consolidated sales		55,168	100%	57,500	100%	2,332	4.2%
	Generators	43,754	79.3 [%]	45,800	79.7 [%]	2,046	4.7%
product	Welders	4,829	$8.8^{\%}$	5,000	$8.7^{\%}$	171	3.5%
By pr	Compressors	727	1.3%	800	$1.4^{\%}$	73	10.0%
H	Others	5,856	10.6%	5,900	10.3%	44	0.8%

							(million yen)
		FY2022/3		FY2023/3 (forecast)		Change (YoY)	Rate of change (YoY)
Consolidated sales		55,168	100%	57,500	100%	2,332	4.2%
Domestic sales		34,632	62.8%	36,000	62.6%	1,368	4.0%
0	Overseas sales	20,536	37.2%	21,500	37.4%	964	4.7%
region	North/ Central America	13,052	23.7%	14,500	25.2%	1,448	11.1%
By reg	Asia	4,596	8.3%	5,000	8.7%	404	8.8%
B	Others	2,886	5.2%	2,000	3.5%	Δ 886	Δ 30.7%



Details of the Operating Income Forecast



Operating income is expected to increase due to an increase in sales and an improvement in operating income margin.

(million yen)

	FY2022/3	FY2023/3 (forecast)	Change (YoY)
Operating income	3,653	3,900	247
Operating income margin	6.6%	6.8%	$0.2_{percentage point}$

	FY2022/3	FY2023/3 (forecast)	Change (YoY)
Gross profit margin	21.2%	21.7%	0.5 percentage point
Ratio of SG&A to sales	14.6%	14.9%	0.3 percentage point
Ratio of operating income to sales	6.6%	6.8%	0.2percentage point

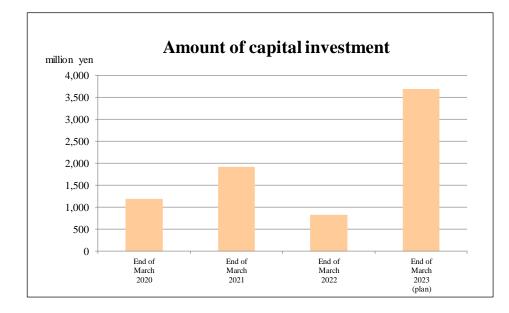
• The gross profit margin is expected to improve due to price pass-through and cost reduction activities in response to soaring raw material prices.

• The ratio of SG&A to sales are expected to be worsen due to increased logistics costs and expenses associated with the recovery of sales activities.

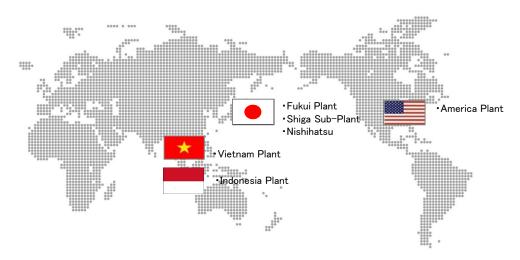
Changes in the Amount of Capital Investment

(million yen)

	End of Mar 2020	ch	End of N 2021		End of M 2022		End of Maro (plan	
Cost of equipment	1,2	201		1,918		839	,	3,700
Main uses	 Machinery of Fukui petc. Nishihatsu U.S. Plant Vietnam Plant Others 	plant, 810 20 290 10 70	 Machinery of Fuetc. Nishihatsu U.S. Plant Vietnam Plant Others 	kui plant, 1450 110 30 20 300	 Machinery of Fulletc. Nishihatsu U.S. Plant Vietnam Plant Others 	kui plant, 290 50 20 20 460	 Machinery of Fuetc. Nishihatsu U.S. Plant Vietnam Plant Others 	kui plant, 540 1400 160 100 1500



Production Sites:

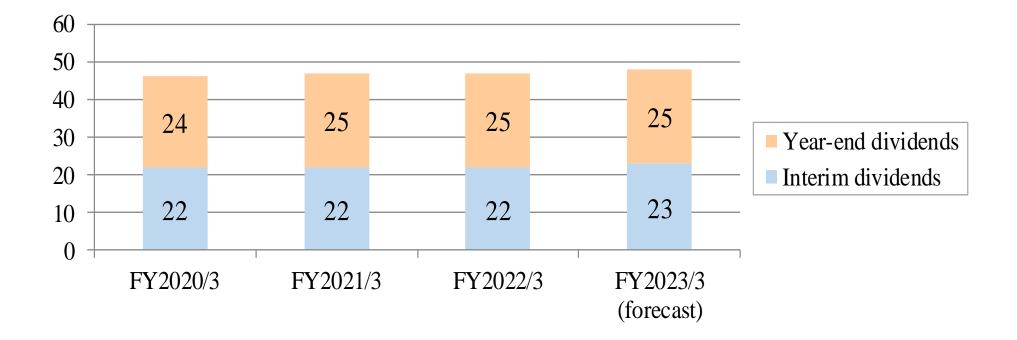


Profit Distribution Policy

Profit distribution: Denyo recognizes the importance of making further efforts to return profits to shareholders, while aiming to strengthen the company's financial structure and profitability, and we will implement an interim and term-end dividend payouts of distribution of results comprehensively calculated by achievement and payout ratio.

Changes in cash dividends:

47 yen in FY2021/3 \Rightarrow 47 yen in FY2022/3 \Rightarrow 48 yen (forecast) in FY2023/3



Future Business Strategy (Overview of the Second Medium-term Management Plan)

Denyo 2023 ~Powering up for the future~							
Basic Policy Establish a profit structure that is resistant to changes in the environment, by increasing the ratios of non construction-related products as well as products for overseas markets, while firmly maintaining our position as the leading provider of high-quality power sources in the construction-related sector.							
Business Object	ctives/FY2023	Our SDGs (ESG) Commitment					
Consolidated Net Sales	billion yen 61 +a	E : Help protect the environment	 Development and provision of products with the highest environmental performance. Reduction and recycling of waste, and reduction of GHG emissions, etc. 				

Strategies in the Domestic Market

6.2

billion yen

6.5% or more

[Construction-related sector]

Ordinary Income

ROE

Aim to maintain and increase share of the domestic market focusing on top brand products such as engine-driven generators and welders

- Strive to increase market share and expand market by launching new products which meet customer needs
- ② Aim for more efficient, more sophisticated sales activities

[Non-construction-related sector]

Focus on laying the foundations for further expanding sales of stand-by generating sets

- Enhance training structure to improve specialist knowledge
- ② Strengthen cooperation among group companies
- ③ Enhance product maintenance structure

Strategies in the Overseas Market

٠

[Overseas Sector]

a sustainable society

of corporate value

G : The Long-term enhancement

S: Realize

Aim to increase presence in targeted high quality market

- ① Aim to develop new markets by seeking to enhance product lineup through market research and enhancement of functions and other features
- ② Seek to increase sales capabilities by strengthening sales network in each country and enhancing training structure
- ③ Strengthen marketing capabilities and increase contact with customers
- ④ Continue to develop markets through the release of a series of stationary generators

Reinforcing the Operating Foundation

[Development]

• Provision of safe and secure products, etc.

regulations and other relevant rules.

Promotion of fair business activities, etc.

• Contribution to the prosperity of society through the development of

Compliance with laws and regulations, social norms, ethics, internal

infrastructure and disaster management and disaster mitigation products.

Develop market-leading products as the pioneer of high-quality power sources

- ① Identify market needs accurately and seek to speed up development
- ② Step up action for the development of innovative products

[Production]

Build a globally competitive production system

- ① Establish a flexible and highly efficient production structure by strengthening production site capabilities and promoting the use of IT
- ② Seek to develop more sophisticated production sites in Japan

[Organization]

Create a structure which enables the career advancement of diverse human resources

- Aim to achieve both job satisfaction and ease of working through further enhancement of the training structure and a review of personnel systems
- ② Pursue computerization in every process

Efforts toward carbon neutrality

Denyo regards global environmental problems as a key management issue, and engages proactively in environmental initiatives. We consider initiatives aimed at creating a hydrogen-based society (such as through the use of hydrogen fuel cells) to be one effective means of reducing CO2 emissions and preventing atmospheric pollution, with the aim of preventing global warming.



Fuel-cell Portable Generator

- Selected by Japan's Ministry of the Environment as a "Low Carbon Technology Research and Development Program"
- Developed a new power conditioner especially for fuel cells, and installed it in the generators
- Demonstration operation will start in May 2021
- Intended use Civil engineering and construction sites
 - Houses without power after a disasters
 - Location where TV reporters are reporting, and event sites, etc.



Hydrogen-light oil mixed combustion Generator

- Operates with a light oil/hydrogen mixing ratio of 50%
- 50% reduction in CO2 emissions compared to using only light oil as fuel
- Aiming for mass production of 250kW hydrogen-light oil mixed combustion generator in 2023
- Intended use Private consumption using byproduct hydrogen
 - Back-up power source in a power outage, etc.

This material contains assumptions and outlooks for the future and forecasts based on plans as May 12, 2022. Actual results may differ materially from projected values due to future economic changes and competition.

This material is prepared for the purpose of providing information and is not meant to solicit investment in securities issued by the Company. Investors are responsible for making their own final investment decision.

Reference Materials

Overview of the Company

The leading manufacturer of outdoor power sources such as engine generators and engine welders

History: July 2,1948 Established as Japan Power Welding Machine Co., Ltd.

1 1

- 1959 Developed and launched Japan's first high-speed engine-driven welders.
- 1961 Began to manufacture and sell engine-driven generators.
- 1966 Developed soundproof engine-driven generators. Changed its corporate name to Denyo Co., Ltd.
- 1983 Listed on the Second Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
- 2000 Listed on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

• Company size, etc. (FY2022/3 on a consolidate	d basis) (million yen)
Net sales	55,168
Overseas sales	20,536
Ordinary income	4,029
Profit attributable to owners of parent	2,753
Total assets	80,774
Net assets	63,760
Market capitalization (as of March 31)	37,398
Number of employees	1,359persons



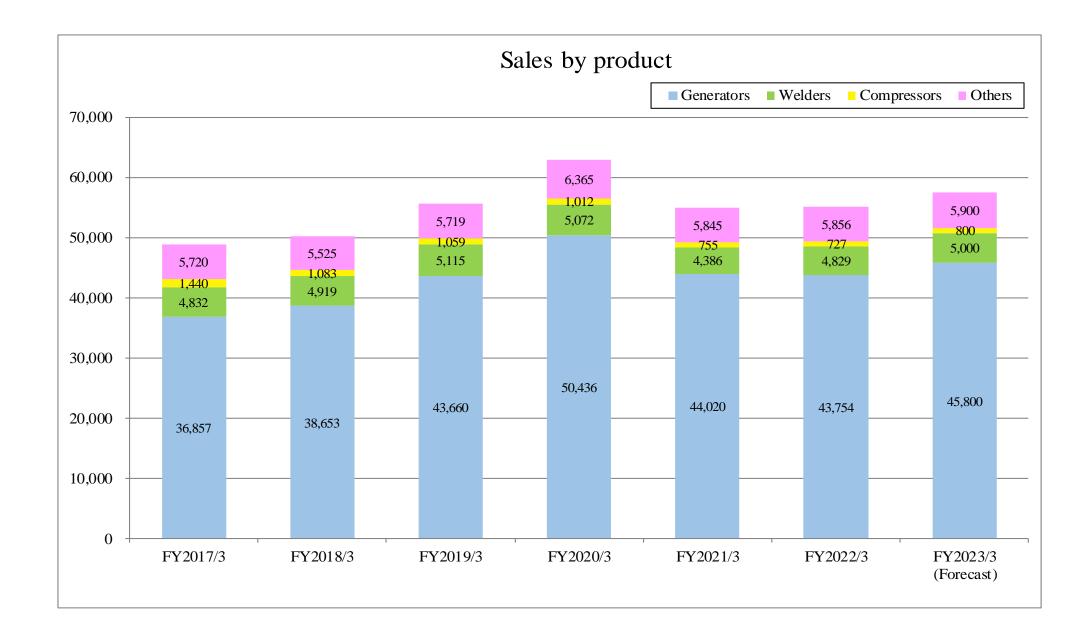
Head Office (Nihonbashi-Horidomecho, Tokyo)

The Group Companies



*1. Other than the above, the New Japan Machinery Corporation is an equity-method affiliate (investment ratio 15.7%).2. Underlined companies are manufacturers.

Trends and Forecasts by Product Sales



Changes in Sales by Region and Forecasts

